

Financial Statements June 30, 2024

Irvine Unified School District



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Governing Board Irvine Unified School District Irvine, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Irvine Unified School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Irvine Unified School District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability – MPP program, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability - CalSTRS, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability - CalPERS, schedule of the District's contributions - CalSTRS, and schedule of the District's contributions - CalPERS be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the financial statements. The other information comprises the Local Education Agency Organization Structure but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2024 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Side Sailly LLP

December 30, 2024

This section of the Irvine Unified School District's (the District) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2024, with comparative information for the year ended June 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the Irvine Unified School District and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present the governmental activities of the District. These statements include all assets of the District (including capital assets), deferred outflows of resources, as well as all liabilities (including long-term liabilities) and deferred inflows of resources. Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to interfund activity, payables, and receivables.

The *Fund Financial Statements* include statements for each of the three categories of activities: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

- The *Governmental Funds* are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.
- The *Proprietary Funds* are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.
- The *Fiduciary Funds* are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

The Primary unit of the government is the Irvine Unified School District.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, which is one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position will serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's operating results. Since the governing board's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we present the District activities as follows:

Governmental Activities - Most of the District's services are reported in this category. This includes the education of kindergarten through grade twelve students, adult education students, the operation of child development activities, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, State income taxes, user fees, interest income, Federal, State, and local grants, as well as general obligation bonds, finance these activities.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. Department of Education.

Governmental Funds - Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

Proprietary Funds - When the District charges users for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other departments within the District, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position*. We use internal service funds to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities, such as the District's Self-Insurance Fund. The internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

THE DISTRICT AS TRUSTEE

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for funds held on behalf of others, like special tax receipts for debt service requirements of the Community Facilities Districts within our boundaries. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in the *Fiduciary Fund-Statement of Net Position*. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was \$2,040,110,532 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Of this amount, \$(305,251,310) was an unrestricted deficit. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants, grantors, constitutional provisions, and enabling legislation that limit the Board's ability to use those net position for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below, in summary form, focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the District's governmental activities.

Table 1

	Governmental Activities				
	2024	2023			
Assets	A 050 040 054	A 707.640.755			
Current and other assets	\$ 860,249,964	\$ 787,642,755			
Long term receivables	48,630,000 1,836,434,030	50,685,000			
Capital assets, net	1,836,424,029	1,783,607,685			
Total assets	2,745,303,993	2,621,935,440			
Deferred outflows of resources	157,473,534	132,097,978			
Liabilities					
Current liabilities	61,398,717	44,849,435			
Long-term liabilities	770,673,565	667,220,874			
Total liabilities	832,072,282	712,070,309			
Defended inflows of seconds					
Deferred inflows of resources	30,594,713	46,758,877			
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	1,693,997,614	1,624,118,298			
Restricted	651,364,228	673,026,337			
Unrestricted deficit	(305,251,310)	(301,940,403)			
Total net position	\$ 2,040,110,532	\$ 1,995,204,232			

The \$(305,251,310) in unrestricted deficit net position of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. All districts throughout California were required to implement GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 75 to account for pension and postemployment benefits liability, other than pensions, for their retirees. The District's combined pension and postemployment benefits liabilities were \$479,197,087 and \$436,572,244 for the years ending June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 16. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement, rounds off the numbers, and rearranges them slightly so you can see our total revenues for the year.

Table 2

	Governmental Activities				
		2024		2023	
Revenues Program revenues					
Charges for services and sales	\$	1,806,465	\$	4,607,827	
Operating grants and contributions		151,633,935		208,121,421	
Capital grants and contributions		67,250,418		22,763,300	
General revenues					
Federal and State aid not restricted		82,635,623		70,566,998	
Property taxes		394,995,165		355,927,363	
Other general revenues		11,833,967		9,315,339	
Total revenues		710,155,573		671,302,248	
Expenses					
Instruction-related		421,291,607		377,978,888	
Pupil services		76,775,064		67,852,993	
Administration		18,412,726		16,505,128	
Plant services		119,203,228		55,953,792	
All other services		29,566,648		19,983,358	
Total expenses		665,249,273		538,274,159	
Change in net position	\$	44,906,300	\$	133,028,089	

Governmental Activities

As reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 16, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$665,249,273. However, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through local taxes was only \$394,995,165.

In Table 3, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's largest functions: instruction-related, pupil services, administration, plant services, and all other services. As discussed above, net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 3

	Total Cost	of Services	Net Cost o	of Services		
	2024 202		2024 2023 2024			2023
Instruction-related	\$ 421,291,607	\$ 377,978,888	\$ (271,909,323)	\$ (223,292,255)		
Pupil services	76,775,064	67,852,993	(37,898,101)	(23,595,769)		
Administration	18,412,726	16,505,128	(16,491,082)	(14,862,445)		
Plant services	119,203,228	55,953,792	(115,528,714)	(51,761,933)		
All other services	29,566,648	19,983,358	(2,731,235)	10,730,791		
Total	\$ 665,249,273	\$ 538,274,159	\$ (444,558,455)	\$ (302,781,611)		

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed this year, our governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$731,359,760, which is an increase of \$50,878,241 from last year.

Table 4

	Balances and Activity								
				_					
			Other Financing	and Other					
Governmental Fund		July 1, 2023	Sources	Financing Uses	Jı	une 30, 2024			
		156004400	A 600 650 505	A 600 070 456		455 644 858			
General	\$	156,234,182	\$ 602,650,527	\$ 603,273,456	\$	155,611,253			
Building		7,373,698	123,723,994	44,756,336		86,341,356			
County School Facilities		298,427,903	75,571,472	108,672,911		265,326,464			
CFD Capital Projects		130,297,525	12,345,817	32,964,799		109,678,543			
Student Activity		3,587,595	6,228,777	6,250,814		3,565,558			
Adult Education		498,187	636,582	886,550		248,219			
Child Development		776,225	2,877,590	1,951,036		1,702,779			
Cafeteria		19,930,518	27,680,284	17,698,643		29,912,159			
Deferred Maintenance		1,576,754	4,534,526	4,616,294		1,494,986			
Capital Facilities		11,305,759	1,172,893	1,342,787		11,135,865			
Special Reserve Fund for Capital									
Outlay Projects		43,647,660	21,893,952	8,807,678		56,733,934			
Bond Interest and Redemption		6,825,513	12,819,883	10,036,752		9,608,644			
Debt Service Fund for Blended									
Component Units			4,430,575	4,430,575					
Total	\$	680,481,519	\$ 896,566,872	\$ 845,688,631	\$	731,359,760			

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. (A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in our annual report on page 73.)

Budgeted expenditures increased by \$69,357,687 due to the appropriation of prior year fund balances and negotiated salary and health benefit increases, both on-going and one-time. There were also increases for gift allocations that occurred during the year. These amounts were unknown at the time the budget was adopted and these adjustments were made during the fiscal year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2024, the District had \$1,836,424,029 (net) in a broad range of capital assets and right-to-use subscription IT assets (net of depreciation and amortization), including land, buildings, furniture, and equipment.

Table 5

(Net of accumulated depreciation and amortization)

	Governmental Activities			
	2024	2023		
Land and construction in progress	\$ 1,061,820,170	\$ 1,127,710,811		
Buildings and improvements	758,741,125	641,407,834		
Equipment	10,972,879	12,143,519		
Right-to-use subscription IT assets	4,889,855	2,345,521		
Total	\$ 1,836,424,029	\$ 1,783,607,685		

We present more detailed information about our capital assets in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Liabilities

At the end of this year, the District had \$770,673,565 in long-term liabilities outstanding versus \$667,220,874 last year; an increase of \$103,452,691, or 15.51%.

Table 6

	Governmental Activities				tivities
		2024			2023
Long-Term Liabilities General obligation bonds Irvine USD Public Financing Authority (PFA) local agency bonds Unamortized premiums Financed purchases Subscription-based IT arrangements Compensated absences Claims liability Aggregate net OPEB liability Aggregate net pension liability	\$	211,575,000 48,630,000 15,570,763 499,391 3,745,965 642,941 10,812,418 45,628,780 433,568,307	<u> </u>	\$	155,185,000 50,685,000 12,930,729 - 1,586,322 523,592 9,737,987 37,273,278 399,298,966
Total	<u> </u>	770,673,565	_	ή.	667,220,874
Total	7	770,073,303	`	_	007,220,074

At year-end, the District has an aggregate net pension liability of \$433,568,307 versus \$399,298,966 last year, an increase of \$34,269,341, or 8.58%.

We present more detailed information regarding our long-term liabilities in Note 9, Note 10, Note 13, and Note 14 of the financial statements.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF FISCAL YEAR 2023-2024 ARE NOTED BELOW:

- A 6.35% on-going salary increase and a .75% on-going increase to health and welfare contributions.
- A 1.0% one-time off-schedule salary increase.
- Completed planning for Measure E projects in Series 2 at one school site.
- Completed construction for Measure E Augmented Funds to Accelerate Projects (AFAP) at one school site.
- Completed construction for Measure E projects in Series 3 at one school site.
- Began construction for Measure E projects in Series 3 at two school sites.
- Continued construction for Measure E projects in Series 3 at two school sites.
- Began planning for Measure E projects in Series 4 at six school sites.
- Completed installation of Security Systems Phase 3 project.
- Completed construction for the Purchase and Installation of HVAC, Transformers and Lighting Retrofit project.
- Completed construction for the Loma Ridge Elementary School Relo (leased) project.
- Completed construction for the Portola High School Relo (leased) project and Began construction for an additional Portola High School Relo (leased) project.

- Completed construction for the Portola Springs Elementary School Kinder Restroom project.
- Completed construction for the two Adult Ed Relo projects.
- Completed construction for the Loma Ridge Elementary School Shade Structure project.
- Completed construction for the Jeffrey Trail Middle School Relo (leased) project.
- Completed construction for the Creekside Ed Center Music Relo (leased) project.
- Completed construction for the Eastwood Elementary School Relo (leased) project.
- Completed construction for the Training Center Relo (purchased) at Creekside project.
- Began construction for the Nutrition Services Expansion project.
- Began construction for the Loma Ridge Elementary School Relo (purchased) project.
- Began construction for the Portola High School Expansion project.
- Began construction for the Culverdale Relo (purchased) project.
- Began construction for the Canyon View Elementary Relo (leased) project.
- Began construction for the Sierra Vista Middle School Relo (leased) project.
- Continuing construction for the Special Ed Playground project.
- Continuing construction for the Expanded Learning Opportunities Program projects.
- Continuing construction for the Portola Springs Elementary School Relo (leased) project.
- Continuing construction for WellSpace projects at multiple school sites.
- Began planning for the Eastwood Elementary Relo (purchased) project.
- Began planning for the Oak Creek Elementary Relo (purchased) project.
- Began planning for the Canyon View Elementary Relo (purchased) project.
- Began planning for the Canyon View Elementary Kinder Expansion project.
- Began planning for the Stonegate Elementary Relo (purchased) project.
- Began planning for the Beacon Park K-8 Relo (purchased) project.
- Began planning for the Cadence Park K-8 Relo (purchased) project.
- Began planning for the Rancho San Joaquin Middle School HVAC Replacement project.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

In considering the District Budget for the 2024-2025 year, the District Board and management used the following criteria:

The key assumptions in our revenue forecast are:

- 1. Four percent increase for property tax revenues.
- 2. Projected ADA growth of 119 students is anticipated.
- 3. Revenue projections based on Local Control Funding Formula.
- 4. Local revenues/gift funds remain unbudgeted until received.

Expenditures are based on the following forecasts:

	Staffing Ratio	Enrollment
Kindergarten	31:1	2,998
Grades one through three	30:1	7,884
Grades four through six	31.5:1	9,193
Grades seven through twelve	30.5:1	17,592

The new items specifically addressed in the budget are:

- 1. No salary increases are projected for 2024-2025.
- 2. No increases in health benefit contributions are projected in 2024-2025.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Assistant Superintendent, Business Services, at Irvine Unified School District, 5050 Barranca Parkway, Irvine, California, 92604, or e-mail at JohnFogarty@iusd.org.

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Deposits and investments	\$ 829,772,317
Receivables	29,262,957
Interest receivable	774,733
Prepaid expense	114,323
Stores inventories	298,250
Other current assets	27,384
Long-term receivables due within one year	2,250,000
Long-term receivables due in more than one year	46,380,000
Capital assets not depreciated and amortized	1,061,820,170
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	774,603,859
Total assets	2,745,303,993
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred charge on refunding	2,623,348
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	11,256,362
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	143,593,824
belefied outflows of resources related to pensions	143,393,624
Total deferred outflows of resources	157,473,534
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	54,349,927
Interest payable	3,522,730
Unearned revenue	3,526,060
Long-term liabilities	-,,
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions	
due within one year	8,626,298
OPEB liability due in one year	1,793,373
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions	1,733,373
due in more than one year	282,850,180
Aggregate net OPEB liability	43,835,407
Aggregate net pension liability	433,568,307
Total liabilities	832,072,282
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	10,553,056
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	20,041,657
Total deferred inflows of resources	30,594,713
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	1,693,997,614
Restricted for	
Debt service	6,085,914
Capital projects	442,874,386
Educational programs	107,909,891
Other restrictions	94,494,037
Unrestricted deficit	(305,251,310)
-	A 2 242 442 F22
Total net position	\$ 2,040,110,532

				Pr	ogram Revenues	i		F	let (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position
			charges for		Operating		Capital		
For ations / Dan server	_	S	ervices and		Grants and		Grants and	(Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Sales		Contributions	Col	ntributions		Activities
Governmental Activities									
Instruction	\$ 344,450,292	\$	194,611		5 70,988,641	\$	67,250,418	\$	(206,016,622)
Instruction-related activities	Ţ 311,130,232	Υ	13 1,011	•	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ψ	07,230,110	~	(200,010,022)
Supervision of instruction	29,580,505		34,620		6,932,089		_		(22,613,796)
Instructional library, media,	23,300,303		34,020		0,332,003				(22,013,730)
and technology	13,839,829		564		2,162,303		_		(11,676,962)
School site administration	33,420,981		5,434		1,813,604		_		(31,601,943)
Pupil services	33,420,381		3,434		1,813,004		_		(31,001,943)
Home-to-school transportation	8,409,959		260		1,014,279		-		(7,395,420)
Food services	17,226,185		754,885		25,234,582		-		8,763,282
All other pupil services	51,138,920		38,427		11,834,530		-		(39,265,963)
Administration	, ,		,		, ,				, , , ,
Data processing	7,318,560		-		_		_		(7,318,560)
All other administration	11,094,166		19,416		1,902,228		_		(9,172,522)
Plant services	119,203,228		80,392		3,594,122		_		(115,528,714)
Ancillary services	14,923,113		15,493		10,681,134		_		(4,226,486)
Community services	1,689,390				-		_		(1,689,390)
Interest on long-term liabilities	9,516,267		_		_		_		(9,516,267)
Other outgo	3,437,878		662,363		15,476,423		_		12,700,908
other outgo	3,137,676		002,303	_	13,170,123				12,700,500
Total governmental									
activities	\$ 665,249,273	\$	1,806,465		\$ 151,633,935	\$	67,250,418		(444,558,455)
General Revenues and Subventions									262 - 44 2-2
Property taxes, levied for general pur									362,714,970
Property taxes, levied for debt service									9,174,386
Taxes levied for other specific purpos									23,105,809
Federal and State aid not restricted to	o specific purposes								82,635,623
Interest and investment earnings									9,041,000
Miscellaneous									2,792,967
Subtotal, general revenu	ies and subventions	:							489,464,755
Subtotal, general revent	ies and subventions	,							+65,+04,755
Change in Net Position									44,906,300
Net Position - Beginning									1,995,204,232
Net Position - Ending								\$	2,040,110,532

	General Fund	Building Fund	County School Facilities Fund
Assets			
Deposits and investments	\$ 168,424,252	\$ 96,852,950	\$ 271,310,147
Receivables	22,023,826	372,938	1,044,784
Due from other funds Prepaid expenditures	849,666 113,029	479,255	-
Stores inventories	185,599	-	-
Other current assets	27,384		
Total assets	\$ 191,623,756	\$ 97,705,143	\$ 272,354,931
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 29,038,962	\$ 11,213,035	\$ 6,933,059
Due to other funds	4,122,691	150,752	95,408
Unearned revenue	2,850,850		
Total liabilities	36,012,503	11,363,787	7,028,467
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable	448,628	-	-
Restricted	107,909,891	86,341,356	265,326,464
Committed	5,000,000	-	-
Assigned Unassigned	22,016,005 20,236,729	-	-
Ollassigned	20,230,729		
Total fund balances	155,611,253	86,341,356	265,326,464
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 191,623,756	\$ 97,705,143	\$ 272,354,931

	CFD Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Deposits and investments Receivables Due from other funds Prepaid expenditures Stores inventories Other current assets	\$ 110,309,857 88,822 56 - -	\$ 111,032,046 4,555,425 4,000,912 1,294 112,651	\$ 757,929,252 28,085,795 5,329,889 114,323 298,250 27,384
Total assets	\$ 110,398,735	\$ 119,702,328	\$ 791,784,893
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ 526,772 193,420 -	\$ 3,735,832 889,142 675,210	\$ 51,447,660 5,451,413 3,526,060
Total liabilities Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	720,192 - 109,678,543 - - -	5,300,184 113,945 112,544,994 1,743,205	562,573 681,801,248 6,743,205 22,016,005 20,236,729
Total fund balances	109,678,543	114,402,144	731,359,760
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 110,398,735	\$ 119,702,328	\$ 791,784,893

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 731,359,760
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of capital assets is Accumulated depreciation and amortization is	\$ 2,195,759,634 (359,335,605)	
Net capital assets		1,836,424,029
In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized in the period when it is due. On the government-wide financial statements, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized when it is incurred.		(3,522,730)
Long-term receivables related to Irvine Unified School District Financing Authority are not received in the near term (within a year) and therefore, are not reported as receivables in the governmental funds. Current year collections totaling \$2,055,000 were received, leaving a balance of \$48,630,000.		48,630,000
In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term receivables is recognized in the period when it is received. On the government-wide financial statements, unmatured interest on long-term receivables is recognized when it is earned.		774,733
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of the workers' compensation insurance program to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included with governmental activities in the statement of net position.		59,427,066
Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position in a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources amounted to and related to Debt refundings (deferred charge on refunding) Aggregate net OPEB liabilities Aggregate net pension liabilities	2,623,348 11,256,362 143,593,824	
Total deferred outflows of resources		157,473,534
Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources amount to and related to Aggregate net OPEB liabilities Aggregate net pension liabilities	(10,553,056) (20,041,657)	
Total deferred inflows of resources		(30,594,713)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Aggregate net pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and are not reported as a liability in the funds.		\$ (433,568,307)
The District's aggregate net OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and are not reported as a liability in the funds.		(45,628,780)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of General obligation bonds, including premium IUSD Public Financing Authority (PFA) local agency bonds Financed purchases Subscription-based IT arrangements Compensated absences	\$ (227,145,763) (48,630,000) (499,391) (3,745,965) (642,941)	
Total long-term liabilities		(280,664,060)
Total net position - governmental activities		\$ 2,040,110,532

	General Fund	Building Fund	County School Facilities Fund
Revenues Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) Federal sources Other State sources Other local sources	\$ 432,340,568 22,415,721 88,598,718 52,047,616	\$ - - 2,984,647	\$ - 54,168,310 13,352,108
Total revenues	595,402,623	2,984,647	67,520,418
Expenditures Current Instruction	343,957,037		
Instruction-related activities Supervision of instruction	29,469,078	_	_
Instructional library, media, and technology School site administration	13,687,383 34,533,962	- - -	- - -
Pupil services Home-to-school transportation Food services	8,407,806 145,233		-
All other pupil services Administration Data processing	51,223,167 7,300,410	-	-
All other administration Plant services Ancillary services	16,641,580 54,323,710 8,676,478	298,461 -	53,134,253 -
Community services Other outgo Facility acquisition and construction	1,688,641 3,437,878 756,954	- - 44,188,450	- - 15,568,736
Debt service Principal Interest and other	4,461,797	269,425	-
Total expenditures	<u>54,563</u> 578,765,677	44,756,336	68,702,989
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	16,636,946	(41,771,689)	(1,182,571)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Other sources	- 127,073	60,739,347	8,051,054 -
Other sources - proceeds from issuance of SBITAs Other sources - proceeds from issuance of	6,595,341	-	-
financed purchases Other sources - proceeds from issuance of bonds Other sources - premium on bond issuance	525,490 - -	60,000,000	- - -
Transfers out	(24,507,779)		(39,969,922)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(17,259,875)	120,739,347	(31,918,868)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(622,929)	78,967,658	(33,101,439)
Fund Balance - Beginning, as previously reported	156,234,182	7 272 600	298,427,903
Adjustments (Note 17)	156 224 192	7,373,698	200 427 002
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	156,234,182	7,373,698	\$ 265,326,464
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 155,611,253	\$ 86,341,356	\$ 265,326,464

	CFD Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Local Control Funding Formula Federal sources Other State sources Other local sources	\$ - - - 6,123,043	\$ - 8,222,453 20,772,734 25,767,379	\$ 432,340,568 30,638,174 163,539,762 100,274,793
Total revenues	6,123,043	54,762,566	726,793,297
Expenditures Current Instruction	-	1,799,900	345,756,937
Instruction-related activities Supervision of instruction Instructional library, media, and technology	-	152,131	29,621,209 13,687,383
School site administration Pupil services Home-to-school transportation Food services	-	375,973 - 16,637,271	34,909,935 8,407,806 16,782,504
All other pupil services Administration Data processing	-	-	51,223,167 7,300,410
All other administration Plant services Ancillary services	- 394,503 -	323,348 2,552,275 6,250,814	16,964,928 110,703,202 14,927,292
Community services Other outgo Facility acquisition and construction	- - 6,619,242	- - 7,592,665	1,688,641 3,437,878 74,726,047
Debt service Principal Interest and other		5,665,000 8,802,327	10,126,797 9,126,315
Total expenditures	7,013,745	50,151,704	749,390,451
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(890,702)	4,610,862	(22,597,154)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Other sources Other sources - proceeds from issuance of	- 6,222,774	24,163,014	92,953,415 6,349,847
SBITAs Other sources - proceeds from issuance of financed purchases	-	-	6,595,341 525,490
Other sources - proceeds from issuance of bonds Other sources - premium on bond issuance Transfers out	- - (25,951,054)	3,349,482 (5,869,425)	60,000,000 3,349,482 (96,298,180)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(19,728,280)	21,643,071	73,475,395
Net Change in Fund Balances	(20,618,982)	26,253,933	50,878,241
Fund Balance - Beginning, as previously reported	130,297,525	95,521,909	680,481,519
Adjustments (Note 17)	-	(7,373,698)	-
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	130,297,525	88,148,211	680,481,519
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 109,678,543	\$ 114,402,144	\$ 731,359,760

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental

Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 50,878,241

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation and amortization expenses in the Statement of Activities.

This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation and amortization expense in the period.

Capital outlay
Depreciation and amortization expense

\$ 77,983,796 (25,167,452)

Net expense adjustment

52,816,344

Right-to-use subscription IT assets acquired this year were financed with Subscription-Based IT Arrangements (SBITAs). The amount financed by the SBITAs is reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing. On the other hand, the SBITAs are not revenues in the Statement of Activities, but rather constitute long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

(6,595,341)

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses, such as compensated absences (vacations) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This amount is the difference between vacation earned and used.

(119,349)

In the governmental funds, pension costs are based on employer contributions made to pension plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows and aggregate net pension liabilities during the year.

703,329

In the governmental funds, OPEB costs are based on employer contributions made to OPEB plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, OPEB expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and aggregate net OPEB liabilities during the year.

(1,572,834)

Financed purchases are reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing, but it increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the affect the Statement of Activities.

(525,490)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Proceeds received from General Obligation Bonds is a revenue in the governmental funds, but it increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	\$	(60,000,000)
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums when the debt is first issued, whereas the amount is deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.		
Deferred charge on refunding amortization Premium on issuance recognized Amortization of debt premium		(215,618) (3,349,482) 709,448
Payment of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement		
of Activities. General obligation bonds Irvine Unified School District Public Financing Authority local agency bonds Financed purchases Subscription based IT arrangements		3,610,000 2,055,000 26,099
Subscription-based IT arrangements		4,435,698
The collection of tax assessment are revenues in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term receivables in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		(2,055,000)
Interest on long-term receivables is recorded as a revenue in the funds when it is received; however, in the Statement of Activities, interest revenue is recognized as the interest accretes or accrues, regardless of when it is received.		(34,250)
when it is received.		(34,230)
Interest on long-term liabilities is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due; however, in the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accretes or accrues, regardless of when it is due.		(883,782)
An internal coming found is used by an arrangement to allow a large		
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of the self insurance program to the individual funds. The change in net position of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental activities.		5,023,287
Change in not position of governmental activities		
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u> </u>	44,906,300

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
Assets	
Current assets	
Deposits and investments	\$ 71,843,065
Receivables	1,177,162
Due from other funds	121,580
Total current assets	73,141,807
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	2,902,267
Due to other funds	56
Total current liabilities	2,902,323
Noncurrent liabilities	
Claims liability	10,812,418
Total liabilities	13,714,741
Net Position	
Restricted	\$ 59,427,066

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues Charges to other funds and miscellaneous revenues	\$ 50,503,659
Operating Expenses Payroll costs Professional and contract services Supplies and materials	534,153 51,046,864 57,275
Total operating expenses	51,638,292
Operating Loss	(1,134,633)
Nonoperating Revenues Change in fair value of cash in county treasury Interest income	241,308 2,571,847
Total nonoperating revenues	2,813,155
Income before transfers	1,678,522
Transfers in	3,344,765
Change in Net Position	5,023,287
Total Net Position - Beginning	54,403,779
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 59,427,066

	Internal Service Fund
Operating Activities Cash receipts from interfund services provided Cash payments to other suppliers of goods or services Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments for insurance claims Cash payments for interfund services used	\$ 50,301,938 (158,748) (534,153) (13,438,080) (35,499,348)
Net Cash From Operating Activities	671,609
Noncapital Financing Activities Transfers from other funds	3,344,765
Investing Activities Interest income Change in fair value of cash in county treasury	2,518,390 241,308
Net Cash From Investing Activities	2,759,698
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	6,776,072
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	65,066,993
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$ 71,843,065
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash From Operating Activities Operating loss Changes in assets and liabilities Receivables	\$ (1,134,633) (77,974)
Due from other funds Accounts payable	(121,580) 933,532
Due to other funds Claims liability	(2,167) 1,074,431
Net Cash From Operating Activities	\$ 671,609

Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

	Custodial Funds
Assets	
Deposits and investments Receivables	\$ 35,605,637 885
Total assets	\$ 35,606,522
Net Position	
Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$ 35,606,522

	Custodial Funds
Additions Special tax assessment Interest	\$ 56,883,649 1,132,058
Total additions	58,015,707
Deductions Administrative expenses Debt service payments Payments to other governments	1,184,823 46,622,358 6,222,774
Total deductions	54,029,955
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	3,985,752
Net Position - Beginning	31,620,770
Net Position - Ending	\$ 35,606,522

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Financial Reporting Entity

The Irvine Unified School District (the District) was unified on July 1, 1972, under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades TK-12 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates twenty-four elementary schools, four K-8 schools, six middle schools, five high schools, one continuation school, one virtual academy school, and one adult education center.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Irvine Unified School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District, in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. For financial reporting purposes, the component units described below have a financial and operational relationship which meets the reporting entity definition criteria of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, and GASB Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units*, and thus is included in the financial statements of the District. The component units, although legally separate entities, are reported in the financial statements using the blended presentation method as if they were part of the District's operations because the governing board of the component units is essentially the same as the governing board of the District and because their purpose is to finance the construction of facilities to be used for the direct benefit of the District.

The Irvine Unified School District, the Irvine Unified School District Public Financing Authority (the Authority) and the Community Facilities Districts (the CFDs) have a financial and operational relationship which meets the reporting entity definition criteria of the GASB Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, for inclusion of the Authority and CFDs as component units of the District. Accordingly, the financial statements of the Authority and the CFDs have been included in the financial statements of the District. The financial statements present the Authority's financial activities within the Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units. The CFDs' financial activity is presented in the CFD Capital Projects Fund and the Custodial Funds. Debt instruments issued by the Authority are included as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statement. Debt instruments issued by the CFD do not represent liabilities of the District or of the component units and are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

Other Related Entities

Charter School The District has approved a charter for Irvine Chinese Immersion Academy pursuant to *Education Code* Section 47605. The Irvine Chinese Immersion Academy was granted and approved on February 7, 2023, for a term of five years commencing July 1, 2023 and continuing through June 30, 2028.

The Irvine Chinese Immersion Academy (the Charter School) is not operated by the District. The Charter School operates and provides school services as in independent entity and is not considered a component unit of the District. The District's General Fund includes property taxes received for the charter school and a corresponding expense in other outgo.

The Charter School is required in its individual charter agreement to have an annual financial audit performed. Additionally, the Charter School is to provide the District with an annual financial report.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying out specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into three broad fund categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and non-major governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

Building Fund The Building Fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code* Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

County School Facilities Fund The County School Facilities Fund is established pursuant to *Education Code* Section 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55), the 2006 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1D), or the 2016 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 51) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code* Section 17070.10 et seq.).

Community Facilities District (CFD) Capital Projects Fund The CFD Capital Projects Fund is used to account for capital projects financed by Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts and similar entities that are considered blended component units of the District under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds The Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities, that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund, and that are reasonably expected to continue. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

- **Student Activity Fund** The Student Activity Fund is used to account separately for the operating activities of the associated student body accounts that are not fiduciary in nature, including student clubs, general operations, athletics, and other student body activities.
- Adult Education Fund The Adult Education Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues that are restricted or committed for adult education programs and is to be expended for adult education purposes only.
- Child Development Fund The Child Development Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues to operate child development programs and is to be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs.
- Cafeteria Fund The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38091 and 38100).
- **Deferred Maintenance Fund** The Deferred Maintenance Fund is used to account separately for revenues that are restricted or committed for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code* Section 17582).

Capital Project Funds The Capital Project funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

- Capital Facilities Fund The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies
 received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approval (Education Code
 Sections 17620-17626 and Government Code Section 65995 et seq.). Expenditures are restricted to the
 purposes specified in Government Code Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements
 with the developer (Government Code Section 66006).
- Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund monies for capital outlay purposes (Education Code Section 42840).

Debt Service Funds The Debt Service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term liabilities.

- **Bond Interest and Redemption Fund** The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code* Section 15125-15262).
- **Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units** The Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts and similar entities that are considered blended component units of the District under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the local education agency, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting and are classified as enterprise or internal service. The District has the following proprietary funds:

• Internal Service Fund Internal Service Fund may be used to account for goods or services provided to other funds of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District operates a self-insurance program that is accounted for in an internal service fund.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District and are not available to support the District's own programs. Fiduciary funds are split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. The three types of trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangement that has certain characteristics.

Custodial funds are used to account for resources, not in a trust, that are held by the District for other parties outside the District's reporting entity. The District's custodial funds account for the levying of special taxes by the Community Facilities District.

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

The government-wide financial statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect of the District and for each governmental function and excludes fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the *Statement of Activities*, except for depreciation of capital assets and amortization of subscription IT assets. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the internal service fund, and the restrictions on their use.

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major governmental funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

- Governmental Funds All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the governmental fund financial statements, prepared using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources
 measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets and all liabilities associated with the
 operation of this fund are included in the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses
 and changes in net position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net position. The
 statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow
 needs of its proprietary fund.
- **Fiduciary Funds** Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because they do not represent resources of the District.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one year after year-end, except for property taxes, which are considered available if collected within 60 days. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, such as when certain grants are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In the subsequent periods, when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on long-term liabilities, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the government-wide statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value including money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts with original maturities greater than one year, are stated at cost or amortized cost.

The District's investment in the County Treasury is measured at fair value on a recurring basis, which is determined by the fair value per share of the underlying portfolio determined by the program sponsor. Positions in this investment pool are not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy.

Prepaid Expenditures (Expenses)

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Stores Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$20,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide statement of net position. The valuation basis for capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at acquisition value on the date donated.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 25 to 50 years; improvements, 5 to 25 years; equipment, 5 to 10 years.

The District records impairments of capital assets when it becomes probable that the carrying value of the assets will not be fully recovered over their estimated useful life. Impairments are recorded to reduce the carrying value of the assets to their net realizable value based on facts and circumstances in existence at the time of the determination. No impairments were recorded during the year ended June 30, 2024.

The District records the value of right-to-use subscription IT assets based on the underlying subscription asset in accordance with GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. The right-to-use subscription IT asset is amortized each year for the term of the contract or useful life of the underlying asset.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental column of the Statement of Net Position.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide statement of net position. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resources. These amounts are reported in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Liabilities

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term liabilities are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full, from current financial resources are reported as liabilities of the governmental funds.

However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, leases, and other long-term liabilities are recognized as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Debt Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities and proprietary fund Statement of Net Position. Debt premiums are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the period the bonds are issued. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are also reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures in the period the bonds are issued.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for deferred charges on refunding of debt, OPEB, and pension related items.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for OPEB and pension related items.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value. The net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid by the fund in which the employee worked.

Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the aggregate net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's Plan and the CalSTRS Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program and additions to/deductions from the District Plan and the MPP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District Plan and the MPP. For this purpose, the District Plan and the MPP recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. The aggregate net OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

Subscriptions

The District recognizes a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription IT asset (subscription IT asset) in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the subscription term, the District measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The subscription IT asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the subscription IT asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the subscription term or useful life of the underlying asset. The amortization period varies from more than one year to six years.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2024, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other action as approved by the governing board.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the governing board, Assistant Superintendent of Business Services (CFO), or the Director of Fiscal Services may assign amounts for specific purposes. Assigned funds cannot cause a deficit in unassigned fund balance.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The governing board adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the district against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted one-time expenditures. The policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties consisting of unassigned amounts equal to no less than three percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net position net of investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The government-wide financial statements report \$651,364,228 of restricted net position and the fiduciary funds financial statements report \$35,606,522 of restricted net position.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are charges to other funds for self-insurance. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the Statement of Activities.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates, and those differences could be material.

Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Orange bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

\$ 757,929,252

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 100

As of July 1, 2023, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. The implementation of this standard requires additional presentation and disclosure requirements for accounting changes and error corrections. The financial statements have been updated to conform to the presentation requirements related to the accounting change in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024. The additional disclosures required by this standard are included in Note 17.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Governmental funds

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2024, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Proprietary funds Fiduciary funds	71,843,065 35,605,637
Total deposits and investments	\$ 865,377,954
Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2024, consist of the following:	
Cash on hand and in banks Cash with fiscal agent Cash in revolving Investments	\$ 6,273,386 804,000 150,000 858,150,568
Total deposits and investments	\$ 865,377,954

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California *Government Code* to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

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Investment in County Treasury - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (*Education Code* Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

The Treasury Oversight Committee established in December 1995, which consists of the elected County Auditor-Controller, the County Executive Officer, the elected County Superintendent of Schools, one special district representative member, and one member from the public sector appointed by the Board, conducts Treasury oversight of the Orange County Educational Investment Pool. The Orange County Treasury Investment Pool is not registered with the SEC.

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants U.S. Treasury Obligations U.S. Agency Securities Banker's Acceptance Commercial Paper Negotiable Certificates of Deposit Repurchase Agreements Reverse Repurchase Agreements Medium-Term Corporate Notes Mutual Funds Money Market Mutual Funds	5 years 5 years 5 years 5 years 180 days 270 days 5 years 1 year 92 days 5 years N/A N/A	None None None None 40% 25% 30% None 20% of base 30% 20%	None None None 30% 10% None None None 10% 10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities County Pooled Investment Funds Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) Joint Powers Authority Pools	5 years N/A N/A N/A	20% None None None	None None None None

Authorized Under Debt Agreements

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements rather than the general provisions of the California *Government Code*. These provisions allow for the acquisition of investment agreements with maturities of up to 30 years.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by primarily investing in the Orange County Treasury Investment pool and money market funds.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuation is provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of the District's investment by maturity:

Investment Type	Reported Amount	Weighted Average Days to Maturity
Money Market Funds Orange County Treasury Investmemt Pool	\$ 121,984,569 736,165,999	No maturity 407
Total	\$ 858,150,568	

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's investment in the Orange County Treasury Investment Pool and the Money Market Funds are rated by S&P Global Ratings. Presented below is the minimum rating required by the California *Government Code*, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of the year-end for each investment type.

Investment Type	Reported Amount	Minimum Legal Rating	Rating as of Year End
Money Market Funds Orange County Treasury Investmemt Pool	\$ 121,984,569 736,165,999	N/A N/A	AAAm AAAf
Total	\$ 858,150,568		

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California *Government Code* requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agency. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2024, the District's bank balance of approximately \$3.8 million was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the District.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the investments in money market funds of \$121,984,569, a portion is guaranteed by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC). The District does not have a policy limiting the amount of securities that can be held by counterparties.

Note 3 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2024, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest, and other local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

	General Fund		Building Fund	Co	ounty School Facilities Fund	CFD Capital Projects Fund		
Federal Government Categorical aid State Government LCFF apportionment Categorical aid Lottery Local Government Interest	\$ 9,742,820 4,493,596 2,469,804 2,379,670 729,271	\$	- - - - 372,938	\$	- - - - 1,044,784	\$	- - - - 88,822	
Other local sources	 2,208,665		-		-		-	
Total	\$ 22,023,826	\$	372,938	\$	1,044,784	\$	88,822	
	Non-Major Governmental Funds		Internal Service Fund	Governmenta Activities Total			Custodial Funds	
Federal Government Categorical aid State Government LCFF apportionment Categorical aid Lottery	\$ 1,523,669 - 2,621,883	\$	- - - -	\$	11,266,489 4,493,596 5,091,687 2,379,670	\$	- - - -	
Local Government Interest Other local sources	409,090 783		242,813 934,349		2,887,718 3,143,797		885 -	
Total	\$ 4,555,425	\$	1,177,162	\$	29,262,957	\$	885	

Note 4 - Long-Term Receivables

Proceeds from bonds issued by the Irvine Unified School District Public Financing Authority (IUSD PFA) were used to purchase outstanding bonds of various Community Facilities Districts (CFDs). In accordance with the agreement between the IUSD PFA and CFD's, special tax assessments collected from the CFDs that benefitted will be used to repay the outstanding bonds issued by the IUSD PFA. The total amount of benefit provided by the IUSD PFA through the issuance of its special tax bonds was \$61,660,000. Current year payments totaling \$2,055,000 were received, leaving a total of \$48,630,000 due from the CFDs as of June 30, 2024.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2024
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated and amortized				
Land	\$ 719,387,022	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 719,387,022
Construction in progress	408,323,789	67,963,195	(133,853,836)	342,433,148
Total capital assets				
not being depreciated and amortized	1,127,710,811	67,963,195	(133,853,836)	1,061,820,170
9 ,				
Capital assets being depreciated and amortized				
Land improvements	30,311,806	2,301,009	-	32,612,815
Buildings and improvements	925,118,272	134,168,237	-	1,059,286,509
Furniture and equipment	31,108,881	809,850	-	31,918,731
Right-to-use subscription IT assets	3,778,381	6,595,341	(252,313)	10,121,409
Total conital consta haire				
Total capital assets being	000 247 240	4.42.074.427	(252.242)	4 422 020 464
depreciated and amortized	990,317,340	143,874,437	(252,313)	1,133,939,464
Total capital assets	2,118,028,151	211,837,632	(134,106,149)	2,195,759,634
Accumulated depreciation and amortization				
Land improvements	(16,311,215)	(884,966)	-	(17,196,181)
Buildings and improvements	(297,711,029)	(18,250,989)	-	(315,962,018)
Furniture and equipment	(18,965,362)	(1,980,490)	-	(20,945,852)
Right-to-use subscription IT assets	(1,432,860)	(4,051,007)	252,313	(5,231,554)
Total accumulated depreciation and				
amortization	(334,420,466)	(25,167,452)	252,313	(359,335,605)
aniortization	(334,420,400)	(23,107,432)	252,313	(500,555,505)
Net depreciable and amortizable capital assets	655,896,874	118,706,985		774,603,859
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ć (422.052.036)	Ć 4 026 424 622
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,783,607,685	\$ 186,670,180	\$ (133,853,836)	\$ 1,836,424,029

Depreciation and amortization expenses were charged as a direct expense to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities		
Instruction	\$	19,191,269
Instructional library, media, and technology		148,333
Food services		370,782
All other administration		592,484
Plant services		4,864,584
Total depreciation and amortization expenses governmental activities	_\$_	25,167,452

Note 6 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2024, between major and non-major governmental funds, and the internal service fund are as follows:

	Due From													
Due To	General Building Due To Fund Fund					nty School acilities Fund	CFD Capital Projects Fund			on-Major vernmental Funds	Internal Service Fund			Total
General Fund Building Fund	\$	- 143	\$	150,752 -	\$	95,408 -	\$	193,420 -	\$	410,030 479,112	\$	56 -	\$	849,666 479,255
CFD Capital Projects Funds		56		-		-		-		-		-		56
Non-Major Governmental Funds Internal Service Fund		4,000,912 121,580		-		- -		- -	1	-		- -	4	,000,912 121,580
Total	\$	4,122,691	\$	150,752	\$	95,408	\$	193,420	\$	889,142	\$	56	\$ 5	,451,469
The General Fund owes th	e Bı	uilding Fund 1	for re	imburseme	nt of	payroll exp	endit	ures.					\$	143
The General Fund owes th	e Cl	FD Capital Pro	ojects	Fund for re	eimbu	irsement of	payı	roll expendit	ures	•				56
The General Fund owes th reimbursement of Univers				•	•	•	Majo	or Governme	ental	Fund for			4	,000,000
The General Fund owes th operating expenditures.	ie Cl	hild Developr	ment	Non-Major	Gove	rnmental F	und f	or reimburs	emei	nt of				912
The General Fund owes th	e In	ternal Servic	e Fun	d for reimb	ursen	nent of ope	ratin	g expenditu	res.					121,580
The Building Fund owes th	ie G	eneral Fund	for re	imburseme	nt of	payroll exp	endit	ures.						150,752
The County School Facilitie	es F	und owes the	e Gen	eral Fund fo	or reir	nbursemen	t of p	payroll expe	nditu	res.				95,408
The CFD Capital Projects F	und	owes the Ge	enera	l Fund for re	eimbu	irsement of	payı	roll expendit	ures	•				193,420
The Cafeteria Non-Major Coperating expenditures.	Gov	ernmental Fu	ınd o	wes the Ger	neral	Fund for re	mbu	rsement of						278,742
The Special Reserve for Ca for reimbursement of ope	•	, ,		Non-Major (Gover	nmental Fu	nd o	wes the Ger	neral	Fund				46,965
The Child Development No of operating expenditures.		Major Govern	men	tal Fund ow	es the	e General F	und f	or reimburs	emei	nt				45,305
The Adult Education Non-I operating expenditures.	Maj	or Governme	ental	Fund owes t	he G	eneral Fund	l for ı	reimbursem	ent c	of				27,023
The Capital Facilities Non-lof payroll expenditures.	Maj	or Governme	ental	Fund owes t	the G	eneral Fund	l for	reimbursem	ent					11,995
The Capital Facilities Non-lof Culverdale Elementary					the Bu	uilding Fund	d for	reimbursem	ent					479,112
The Internal Service Fund	owe	es the Genera	al Fun	d for reimb	ursen	nent of ope	ratin	g expenditu	res.					56
													\$ 5	,451,469

Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

Transfer To		General Fund	Co	ounty School Facilities Fund		CFD Capital rojects Fund		Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total
Building Fund County School Facilities Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds Internal Service Fund	\$	21,163,014 3,344,765	\$	39,969,922 - - -	\$	16,400,000 8,051,054 1,500,000	\$	4,369,425 - 1,500,000 -	\$	60,739,347 8,051,054 24,163,014 3,344,765
Total	\$	24,507,779	\$	39,969,922	\$	25,951,054	\$	5,869,425	\$	96,298,180
The General Fund transferred to the Fund for future projects.	\$	4,450,000								
The General Fund transferred to the Governmental Fund for University H	•		•	al Outlay Projec	ts No	n-Major				4,000,000
The General Fund transferred to the Governmental Fund for turf replacer	•		Capita	al Outlay Projec	ts No	n-Major				500,000
The General Fund transferred to the Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects Non-Major Governmental Fund to fund technology maintenance for LCAP.										
The General Fund transferred to the Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects Non-Major Governmental Fund for community redevelopment and contributions for future projects.										
The General Fund transferred to the to cover premiums and operating co		nal Service Fun	d for	property and lia	ability	,				3,344,765
The County School Facilities Fund tra Fund for construction-related exper			ding							39,969,922
The CFD Capital Projects Fund transf for Capital Outlay Projects Non-Majo					quin	HVAC Project.				1,500,000
The CFD Capital Projects Fund transf for construction-related expenditure		to the Building	Fund	d						16,400,000
The CFD Capital Projects Fund transf Governmental Fund for construction				ol Facilities Non	-Majo	or				8,051,054
The Special Reserve for Capital Outla to the Building Fund for construction	•			vernmental Fun	d trar	nsferred				4,369,425
The Deferred Maintenance Non-Maj for Capital Outlay Projects Non-Majo					•					1,500,000
Total									\$	96,298,180

Note 7 - Accounts Payable

Accounts payable at June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Building Fund	County School Facilities Fund	CFD Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Internal Service Fund	Total Governmental Activities	
Vendor payables Salaries and benefits Construction	\$ 13,411,032 15,627,930	\$ - - 11,213,035	\$ - - 6,933,059	\$ - - 526,772	\$ 1,476,287 690,997 1,568,548	\$ 2,860,501 41,766	\$ 17,747,820 16,360,693 20,241,414	
Total	\$ 29,038,962	\$ 11,213,035	\$ 6,933,059	\$ 526,772	\$ 3,735,832	\$ 2,902,267	\$ 54,349,927	

Note 8 - Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

	General Fund	on-Major ernmental Funds	 Total vernmental Activities
Federal financial assistance State categorical aid Other local	\$ 948,844 1,739,195 162,811	\$ - 70,057 605,153	\$ 948,844 1,809,252 767,964
Total	\$ 2,850,850	\$ 675,210	\$ 3,526,060

Note 9 - Long-Term Liabilities Other than OPEB and Pensions

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions			Deductions		Balance une 30, 2024	Due in One Year	
Long-Term Liabilities									
General obligation bonds	\$ 155,185,000	\$	60,000,000	\$	(3,610,000)	\$	211,575,000	\$	4,000,000
Unamortized debt premiums	12,930,729		3,349,482		(709,448)		15,570,763		-
Irvine Unified School District									
Public Financing Authority									
(PFA) local agency bonds	50,685,000		-		(2,055,000)		48,630,000		2,250,000
Financed purchases	-		525,490		(26,099)		499,391		84,853
Subscription-based IT									
arrangements	1,586,322		6,595,341		(4,435,698)		3,745,965		2,291,445
Compensated absences	523,592		119,349		-		642,941		-
Claims liability	9,737,987		1,074,431		-		10,812,418		
Total	\$ 230,648,630	\$	71,664,093	\$	(10,836,245)	\$	291,476,478	\$	8,626,298

Payments on the general obligation bonds are made by the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund with local revenues. Payments for the Irvine Unified School District Public Financing Authority special tax revenue bonds are made by the Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units. Payments for the subscription-based IT arrangements and financed purchases are made by the General Fund. Payments for compensated absences will be paid by the fund for which the employee worked. Payments for the claims liability are made by the Internal Service Fund.

General Obligation Bonds

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

Issuance Date	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original lssue	Bonds Outstanding July 1, 2023	Issued	Redeemed	Bonds Outstanding June 30, 2024
10/11/2016 8/30/2018 4/7/2021 10/25/2023	9/1/2046 9/1/2048 9/1/2050 9/1/2051	3.13-5.00% 3.50-6.00% 2.25-5.00% 4.25-5.50%	\$ 95,000,000 41,000,000 45,000,000 60,000,000	\$ 72,985,000 37,700,000 44,500,000	\$ - - - 60,000,000	\$ (3,585,000) - (25,000)	\$ 69,400,000 37,700,000 44,475,000 60,000,000
				\$ 155,185,000	\$ 60,000,000	\$ (3,610,000)	\$ 211,575,000

2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2016A

In October 2016, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2016A, in the amount of \$95,000,000. The bonds were issued to finance the renovation, acquisition, construction, repair and equipping of classrooms, school, sites, and facilities and costs related thereto, as approved by the voters, for schools in Improvement District No. 1. Interest rates on the bonds range from 3.13% to 5.00%.

2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2018B

In August 2018, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2018B, in the amount of \$41,000,000. The bonds were issued to finance the renovation, acquisition, construction, repair and equipping of classrooms, school, sites, and facilities and costs related thereto, as approved by the voters, for schools in Improvement District No. 1. Interest rates on the bonds range from 3.50% to 6.00%.

2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021C

In April 2021, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021C, in the amount of \$45,000,000. The bonds were issued to finance the renovation, acquisition, construction, repair and equipping of classrooms, school, sites, and facilities and costs related thereto, as approved by the voters, for schools in Improvement District No. 1. Interest rates on the bonds range from 2.25% to 5.00%.

2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2023D

In October 2023, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2023D, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The bonds were issued to finance the renovation, acquisition, construction, repair and equipping of classrooms, school, sites, and facilities and costs related thereto, as approved by the voters, for schools in Improvement District No. 1. Interest rates on the bonds range from 4.25% to 5.50%.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Current Interest to Maturity	Total
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030-2034 2035-2039 2040-2044 2045-2049	\$ 4,000,000 3,520,000 3,350,000 3,900,000 4,490,000 13,890,000 27,040,000 44,545,000 63,995,000	\$ 8,143,988 7,954,738 7,781,688 7,599,788 7,428,337 35,407,264 31,025,714 23,938,138 13,735,512	\$ 12,143,988 11,474,738 11,131,688 11,499,788 11,918,337 49,297,264 58,065,714 68,483,138 77,730,512
2050-2052 Total	\$ 211,575,000	\$ 145,293,576	45,123,409 \$ 356,868,576

Irvine Unified School District Public Financing Authority (IUSD PFA) Local Agency Bonds

The Irvine Unified School District Public Financing Authority (the Authority) was created to refinance certain Community Facility Districts' (CFD) debt. On December 13, 2016, the Authority issued \$61,660,000 of Local Agency Bonds series 2016. The bonds refinanced the debt for CFD 04-1, CFD 04-2A, and CFD 04-2B. As of June 30, 2024, the principal balance on the IUSD PFA bonds was \$48,630,000.

The local agency bonds mature as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Current Interest to Principal Maturity Total				
2025	\$ 2,250,0	00 5	\$ 2,267,950	\$	4,517,950	
2026	2,450,0	00	2,150,450		4,600,450	
2027	2,665,0	00	2,022,575		4,687,575	
2028	2,885,0	00	1,883,825		4,768,825	
2029	3,120,0	00	1,733,700		4,853,700	
2030-2034	19,675,0	00	5,963,375		25,638,375	
2035-2037	15,585,0	00	986,175		16,571,175	
Total	\$ 48,630,0	00 5	\$ 17,008,050	\$	65,638,050	

Financed Purchases

The District has entered into a financed purchase agreement for copiers located throughout the District. The terms of the agreement are for payments to be made by the District over a term of 60 months, with an interest rate of 12.04%. As of June 30, 2024, the liability balance for the financed purchases was \$499,391.

Subscriptions-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)

The District entered into various SBITAs for the use of the students and staff of the District. At June 30, 2024, the District has recognized right-to-use subscriptions IT assets net of accumulated amortization of \$4,889,855 and SBITA liabilities of \$3,745,965 related to these agreements. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$4,051,007 in amortization expense and \$33,682 in interest expense. The District is required to make total principal and interest payments of \$3,846,947 through June 2029. The subscriptions have interest rates of 1.58-3.12%.

The remaining principal and interest payment requirements for the SBITA obligation debt as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029	\$ 2,291,445 723,416 430,518 262,214 38,372	\$ 55,365 23,865 13,645 7,387 720	\$ 2,346,810 747,281 444,163 269,601
Total	\$ 3,745,965	\$ 100,982	\$ 3,846,947

Note 10 - Aggregate Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District reported an aggregate net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense for the following plans:

Aggregate Net OBEB OPEB Plan Liability		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		OPEB Expense		
District Retiree Health Plan Medicare Premium Payment	\$	44,042,700	\$	11,256,362	\$	10,553,056	\$	1,689,032
(MPP Program)		1,586,080		_				(116,198)
Total	\$	45,628,780	\$	11,256,362	\$	10,553,056	\$	1,572,834

The details of each plan are as follows:

District Plan

Plan Administration

The District's governing board administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. Management of the Plan is vested in District management.

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2023, the valuation date, the Plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits payments

Active employees

Total

2,916

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical, dental, and vision insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The District's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

The benefit payment requirements of the Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District, the Irvine Teachers Association (ITA), the local California Service Employees Association (CSEA), and unrepresented groups. The benefit payment is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, as determined annually through the agreements with the District, ITA, CSEA, and the unrepresented groups. For the measurement period of June 30, 2023, the District paid \$2,167,600 to the Plan in benefits.

Total OPEB Liability of the District

The District's total OPEB liability of \$44,042,700 was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.80%

Salary increases 0.19-6.40%, including inflation, depending on length of service

Discount rate 3.75%

Healthcare cost trend rates 4.00% for medical, 4.00% for dental, and 2.00% for vision.

The discount rate was based on the Fidelity yield index for 20-year AA rated municipal bonds.

Based on the most recent pension experience studies, CalSTRS and CalPERS actuaries have updated their valuation mortality assumptions and incorporated a margin for future mortality improvement. They have deemed the rates to be reasonable based on experience and compliant with ASOP 35 for their respective experience studies (June 30, 2018 for CalSTRS and June 30, 2019 for CalPERS). The demographic rates used for a retiree health valuation generally mirror those adopted by its companion pension plan.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the 48 months ending June 30, 2023.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 35,571,000
Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments	2,752,600 1,344,800 6,541,900 (2,167,600)
Net change in total OPEB liability	8,471,700
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 44,042,700

There were no changes of assumptions since the previous valuation. There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Total OPEB Liability
1% decrease (2.75%) Current discount rate (3.75%) 1% increase (4.75%)	\$ 46,994,500 44,042,700 41,174,400

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current healthcare costs trend rates:

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates		Total OPEB Liability
1% decrease (Various rates decreasing to 3.00% for	_	
medical and dental and 1.00% for vision)	\$	38,881,800
Current healthcare cost trend rate (Various rates 4.00%		44.042.700
for medical and dental and 2.00% for vision)		44,042,700
1% increase (Various rates increasing to 5.00% for		50 476 400
medical and dental and 3.00% for vision)		50,176,100

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB for the following:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	1,793,373 6,816,443 2,646,546	\$	6,032,897 4,520,159	
Total	\$	11,256,362	\$	10,553,056	

The deferred outflows of resources resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total OPEB liability and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 14.37 years and will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows of Resources
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 Thereafter	\$ (119,435 (119,435 (119,435 (119,435 (119,435 (492,892
Total	\$ (1,090,067

Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program

Plan Description

The Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program is administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The MPP Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program through the Teachers' Health Benefits Fund (THBF).

A full description of the MPP Program regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2022 annual actuarial valuation report, Medicare Premium Payment Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

Benefits Provided

The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) Defined Benefit (DB) Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012 and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A. The payments are made directly to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) on a monthly basis.

The MPP Program is closed to new entrants as members who retire after July 1, 2012, are not eligible for coverage under the MPP Program.

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you go basis from a portion of monthly District benefit payments. In accordance with California *Education Code* Section 25930, contributions that would otherwise be credited to the DB Program each month are instead credited to the MPP Program to fund monthly program and administrative costs. Total redirections to the MPP Program are monitored to ensure that total incurred costs do not exceed the amount initially identified as the cost of the program.

Net OPEB Liability and OPEB Expense

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$1,586,080 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the MPP Program. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively, was 0.5227%, and 0.5168%, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0059%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(116,198).

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The June 30, 2023 total OPEB liability was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2023, using the assumptions listed in the following table:

Measurement Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Valuation Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Experience Study	July 1, 2015 through	July 1, 2015 through
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	3.65%	3.54%
Medicare Part A Premium Cost Trend Rate	4.50%	4.50%
Medicare Part B Premium Cost Trend Rate	5.40%	5.40%

For the valuation as of June 30, 2022, CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

Assumptions were made about future participation (enrollment) into the MPP Program because CalSTRS is unable to determine which members not currently participating meet all eligibility criteria for enrollment in the future. Assumed enrollment rates were derived based on past experience and are stratified by age with the probability of enrollment diminishing as the members' age increases. This estimated enrollment rate was then applied to the population of members who may meet criteria necessary for eligibility and are not currently enrolled in the MPP Program. Based on this, the estimated number of future enrollments used in the financial reporting valuation was 179 or an average of 0.13% of the potentially eligible population (138,780).

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis with contributions generally being made at the same time and in the same amount as benefit payments and expenses coming due. Any funds within the MPP Program as of June 30, 2023, were to manage differences between estimated and actual amounts to be paid and were invested in the Surplus Money Investment Fund, which is a pooled investment program administered by the State Treasurer.

Discount Rate

As the MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments. Therefore, the MPP Program used the Bond Buyer's 20-Bond GO Index from Bondbuyer.com as of June 30, 2023, as the discount rate, which was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability. The discount rate as of June 30, 2023, was 3.65%, which is an increase of 0.11% from 3.54% as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	 Net OPEB Liability		
1% decrease (2.65%) Current discount rate (3.65%) 1% increase (4.65%)	\$ 1,723,743 1,586,080 1,466,381		

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Medicare Costs Trend Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the Medicare costs trend rates, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using Medicare costs trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current rates:

Medicare Costs Trend Rates		Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (3.50% Part A and 4.40% Part B) Current Medicare costs trend rates	\$	1,459,351
(4.50% Part A and 5.40% Part B)		1,586,080
1% increase (5.50% Part A and 6.40% Part B)		1,729,152

Note 11 - Non-Obligatory Debt

Bonded Debt - Community Facilities District (CFD) Special Tax Bonds

Non-obligatory debt relates to debt issuances by the Community Facility Districts, as authorized by the Mark-Roos Local Bond Pooling Act of 1985 and are payable from special taxes levied on property within the Community Facilities Districts according to a methodology approved by the voters within the District. Neither the faith and credit nor taxing power of the District is pledged to the payment of the bonds. Reserves have been established from the bond proceeds to meet delinquencies should they occur. If delinquencies occur beyond the amounts held in those reserves, the District has no duty to pay the delinquency out of any available funds of the District. The District acts solely as an agent for those paying taxes levied and the bondholders and may initiate foreclosure proceedings. Special assessment debt of \$531,050,000 as of June 30, 2024, does not represent debt of the District and, as such, does not appear in the accompanying basic financial statements.

Note 12 - Fund Balances

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

	General Fund	Building Fund	County School Facilities Fund	CFD Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable Revolving cash Prepaid expenditures Stores inventories	\$ 150,000 113,029 185,599	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - 1,294 112,651	\$ 150,000 114,323 298,250
Total nonspendable	448,628				113,945	562,573
Restricted Legally restricted programs Child development programs Food service Capital projects Debt services	107,909,891 - - - - -	- - - 86,341,356 -	- - - 265,326,464 -	- - - 109,678,543 -	3,565,558 1,702,779 29,798,634 67,869,379 9,608,644	111,475,449 1,702,779 29,798,634 529,215,742 9,608,644
Total restricted	107,909,891	86,341,356	265,326,464	109,678,543	112,544,994	681,801,248
Committed Adult education program Deferred maintenance program Contingency reserve Total committed	5,000,000	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	248,219 1,494,986 - 1,743,205	248,219 1,494,986 5,000,000 6,743,205
Assigned Site/department carryover LCAP allocations Unspent funds Total assigned	9,785,123 9,002,130 3,228,752 22,016,005	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	9,785,123 9,002,130 3,228,752 22,016,005
Unassigned Reserve for economic uncertainties Remaining unassigned Total unassigned	11,923,053 8,313,676 20,236,729			- - -	- - -	11,923,053 8,313,676 20,236,729
Total		¢ 96 241 2E6	\$265 226 464	\$100 679 E42	\$114.402.144	
TOLAT	\$155,611,253	\$ 86,341,356	\$265,326,464	\$109,678,543	\$114,402,144	\$731,359,760

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Note 13 - Risk Management - Claims

Description

The District's risk management activities for healthcare, property, liability, and workers' compensation exposures are recorded in the Internal Services Funds. Significant losses are covered by excess insurance for all programs. The District is self-funded for medical and dental claims and purchases commercial insurance for specific medical losses above a certain level. The District is also self-funded for its property and liability program and any losses above the District's member retained limit (Property: \$100,000 / Liability: \$250,000) are covered by excess property/liability insurance through a joint powers authority, Southern California Regional Liability Excess Funds (SCR). Refer to Note 16 for additional information regarding the JPAs.

For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

The following is a summary of the insurance policies carried by the District as of June 30, 2024:

Insurance Program Company Name	Type of Coverage	Limits
Workers' Compensation Program	Reinsurance	\$650,000 to California statutory limits
Southern California ReLiEF (SCR) - Property Southern California ReLiEF (SCR) - Liability	Reinsurance Reinsurance	\$100,000 - \$500,250,000 \$250,000 - \$50,000,000
Medical PPO Medical HMO	Reinsurance Reinsurance	\$250,000 to unlimited for each subscriber \$225,000 to unlimited for each subscriber

Claims Liabilities

The District records an estimated liability for healthcare, workers' compensation and indemnity torts against the District. Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and an estimate for claims incurred, but not reported based on historical experience.

Unpaid Claims Liabilities

The fund establishes a liability for both reported and unreported events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. The following represent the changes in approximate aggregate liabilities for the District from July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2024:

	Health Care	Workers' Compensation	Property and Liability	Total
Liability Balance, July 1, 2022 Claims and changes in estimates Claims payments	\$ 2,591,000 31,997,998 (32,606,998)	\$ 7,546,038 1,509,138 (1,374,189)	\$ 75,000 219,680 (219,680)	\$ 10,212,038 33,726,816 (34,200,867)
Liability Balance, June 30, 2023 Claims and changes in estimates Claims payments	1,982,000 32,780,963 (32,525,963)	7,680,987 3,018,015 (2,198,584)	75,000 360,344 (360,344)	9,737,987 36,159,322 (35,084,891)
Liability Balance, June 30, 2024	\$ 2,237,000	\$ 8,500,418	\$ 75,000	\$ 10,812,418
Assets available to pay claims at June 30, 2024	 1			\$ 73,141,807

The District administers the Workers' Compensation Program through the purchase of commercial insurance for occurrences in excess of \$500,000.

Note 14 - Employee Retirement Systems

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

Pension Plan	ggregate Net ension Liability	erred Outflows of Resources	ferred Inflows f Resources	Pei	nsion Expense
CalSTRS CalPERS	\$ 269,143,123 164,425,184	\$ 88,414,274 55,179,550	\$ 14,400,523 5,641,134	\$	43,327,236 25,288,116
Total	\$ 433,568,307	\$ 143,593,824	\$ 20,041,657	\$	68,615,352

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2022, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the State is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the State is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program; thus, disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2024, are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Program			
Hire date	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after		
	2% at 60	January 1, 2013 2% at 62		
Benefit formula		_,		
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service		
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life		
Retirement age	60	62		
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%		
Required employee contribution rate	10.25%	10.205%		
Required employer contribution rate	19.10%	19.10%		
Required state contribution rate	10.828%	10.828%		

Contributions

Required member, District and State of California contributions rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1% of applicable member earnings phased over a seven-year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2024, are presented above and the District's total contributions were \$45,947,266.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total net pension liability, including State share

Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 269,143,123
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	128,954,039
	·
Total	\$ 398,097,162

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement periods of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, was 0.3534% and 0.3443%, respectively, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0091%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$43,327,236. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$17,541,312 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Change in proportion and differences between contributions	\$	45,947,266	\$	-
made and District's proportionate share of contributions Differences between projected and actual earnings		18,606,313		-
on pension plan investments		1,152,042		-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability Changes of assumptions		21,150,216 1,558,437		14,400,523
Total	\$	88,414,274	\$	14,400,523

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2025 2026 2027 2028	\$ (8,467,449) (13,269,979) 21,807,222
Total	\$ 1,152,042

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is seven years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 Thereafter	\$ 6,113,001 4,591,812 4,478,970 2,841,606 4,245,335 4,643,719
Total	\$ 26,914,443

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2023. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2022
Measurement date	June 30, 2023
Experience study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.10%
Investment rate of return	7.10%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.50%

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically-linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2023, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
5.10	200/	- 0-c/
Public equity	38%	5.25%
Real estate	15%	4.05%
Private equity	14%	6.75%
Fixed income	14%	2.45%
Risk mitigating strategies	10%	2.25%
Inflation sensitive	7%	3.65%
Cash/liquidity	2%	0.05%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.10% and assume that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (6.10%) Current discount rate (7.10%) 1% increase (8.10%)	\$ 451,466,112 269,143,123 117,702,630

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2022 annual actuarial valuation report, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalPERS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2024, are summarized as follows:

	School Employer Pool (CalPERS)	
	On or before	On or after
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required employee contribution rate	7.00%	8.00%
Required employer contribution rate	26.680%	26.680%

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2024, are presented above and the total District contributions were \$23,371,415.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2024, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$164,425,184. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement periods of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, was 0.4542% and 0.4651%, respectively, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0109%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$25,288,116. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	erred Outflows f Resources	erred Inflows f Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Change in proportion and differences between contributions	\$ 23,371,415	\$ -
made and District's proportionate share of contributions Differences between projected and actual earnings on	669,832	3,115,805
pension plan investments Differences between expected and actual experience	17,562,960	-
in the measurement of the total pension liability Changes of assumptions	6,000,340 7,575,003	2,525,329 -
Total	\$ 55,179,550	\$ 5,641,134

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2025 2026 2027 2028	\$ 3,276,177 1,940,889 11,799,320 546,574
Total	\$ 17,562,960

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 3.8 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources	
2025 2026 2027	\$ 4,137,443 3,410,589 1,056,009	
Total	\$ 8,604,041	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2023. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2022
Measurement date	June 30, 2023
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	6.90%
Investment rate of return	6.90%
Consumer price inflation	2.30%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated and, combined with risk estimates, are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
		,
Global equity - cap-weighted	30%	4.54%
Global equity non-cap-weighted	12%	3.84%
Private equity	13%	7.28%
Treasury	5%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed securities	5%	0.50%
Investment grade corporates	10%	1.56%
High yield	5%	2.27%
Emerging market debt	5%	2.48%
Private debt	5%	3.57%
Real assets	15%	3.21%
Leverage	(5%)	(0.59%)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the School Employer Pool investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (5.90%)	\$ 237,716,313
Current discount rate (6.90%)	164,425,184
1% increase (7.90%)	103,851,732

Public Agency Retirement Services/Social Security

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by Social Security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use the Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) Alternative Retirement System (ARS) as its alternative plan. Contributions made by the District and an employee vest immediately. The District contributes 3.75% of an employee's gross earnings. An employee is required to contribute 3.75% of his or her gross earnings to the retirement plan.

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$20,626,394 (10.828% of annual payroll). Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual *Budget Act* for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements.

Note 15 - Commitments and Contingencies

Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2024.

Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2024.

Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2024, the District had approximately \$57.3 million in commitments with respect to the unfinished capital projects to be funded through general obligation bonds, community facilities district special tax bonds, and capital project apportionments from California Department of General Services.

Note 16 - Participation in Public Entity Risk Pools and Joint Power Authorities

The District is a member of the Irvine Child Care Project (ICCP), the Coastline Regional Occupation Program (CROP), and the Southern California Regional Liability Excess Fund (SCR). The relationships between the District, the pools, and the JPAs are such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entities.

Note 17 - Restatement - Change Within the Reporting Entity

During the year ended June 30, 2024 there was a change within the financial reporting entity which resulted in the Building Fund being reported as a major fund instead of as a non-major governmental fund which resulted in adjustments to and restatements of beginning fund balance as follows:

	Governmental Funds		
	Building Fund		Non-Major overnmental Funds
Beginning fund balance, as previously reported on June 30, 2023 Change within the financial reporting entity	\$ 7,373,698	\$	95,521,909 (7,373,698)
Beginning fund balance, as restated on July 1, 2023	\$ 7,373,698	\$	88,148,211



Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2024

Irvine Unified School District

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2024

					Variances - Positive (Negative)
		Budgeted Amounts			Final
	Original	Final	Actual		to Actual
Revenues					
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 416,997,034	\$ 432,340,568	\$ 432,340,568	\$	-
Federal sources	13,154,734	25,626,307	22,415,721		(3,210,586)
Other State sources	80,992,448	93,660,390	88,598,718		(5,061,672)
Other local sources	29,716,637	52,062,450	52,047,616		(14,834)
Total revenues	540,860,853	603,689,715	595,402,623		(8,287,092)
Expenditures					
Current Certificated salaries	229,742,427	245,780,874	244,849,041		931,833
Classified salaries	89,522,456	90,095,570	89,900,578		194,992
Employee benefits	135,574,716	140,972,032	140,967,369		4,663
Books and supplies	28,198,200	55,531,072	24,916,116		30,614,956
Services and operating expenditures	51,255,870	70,155,040	68,638,501		1,516,539
Other outgo	3,264,223	3,117,249	3,114,529		2,720
Capital outlay	645,000	1,908,742	1,863,183		45 <i>,</i> 559
Debt service			4 464 707		(4.464.707)
Debt service - principal	-	-	4,461,797		(4,461,797)
Debt service - interest and other			54,563	-	(54,563)
Total expenditures	538,202,892	607,560,579	578,765,677		28,794,902
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	2,657,961	(3,870,864)	16,636,946		20,507,810
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	250,000	-	-		_
Other sources	127,073	127,073	7,247,904		7,120,831
Transfers out	(10,048,185)	(24,507,779)	(24,507,779)		<u> </u>
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(9,671,112)	(24,380,706)	(17,259,875)		7,120,831
Net Change in Fund Balances	(7,013,151)	(28,251,570)	(622,929)		27,628,641
Fund Balance - Beginning	156,234,182	156,234,182	156,234,182		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 149,221,031	\$ 127,982,612	\$ 155,611,253	\$	27,628,641

	2024	2023	2022	2021
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected	\$ 2,752,600 1,344,800	\$ 3,527,600 778,900 -	\$ 3,764,800 1,224,700 (6,293,100)	\$ 3,319,600 1,427,500
and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	6,541,900 - (2,167,600)	(4,857,900) (2,118,800)	(7,620,500) 1,237,100 (2,361,000)	2,308,400 (2,068,900)
Net change in total OPEB liability	8,471,700	(2,670,200)	(10,048,000)	4,986,600
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	35,571,000	38,241,200	48,289,200	43,302,600
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 44,042,700	\$ 35,571,000	\$ 38,241,200	\$ 48,289,200
Covered Payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
		2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected		\$ 3,089,700 1,452,000 (539,300)	\$ 2,196,079 1,381,800	\$ 3,063,400 1,315,500
and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments		1,163,100 (538,600) (2,535,000)	- - (1,509,279)	- - (2,579,900)
Net change in total OPEB liability		2,091,900	2,068,600	1,799,000
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		41,210,700	39,142,100	37,343,100
Total OPEB Liability - Ending		\$ 43,302,600	\$ 41,210,700	\$ 39,142,100
Covered Payroll		N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Measurement Date		June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

¹ The OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay; therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Year ended June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.5227%	0.5168%	0.5048%	0.5717%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,586,080	\$ 1,702,278	\$ 2,013,275	\$ 2,422,583
Covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	(0.96%)	(0.94%)	(0.80%)	(0.71%)
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Year ended June 30,		2020	2019	2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.5540%	0.5472%	0.5267%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability		\$ 2,062,947	\$ 2,094,680	\$ 2,215,849
Covered payroll		N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll		N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		(0.81%)	(0.40%)	0.01%
Measurement Date		June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

¹ As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

CalSTRS	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.3534%	0.3443%	0.3358%	0.3281%	0.3131%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 269,143,123	\$ 239,258,671	\$152,812,973	\$317,932,796	\$ 282,823,645
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	128,954,039	119,819,807	76,889,561	163,894,394	154,299,180
Total	\$398,097,162	\$ 359,078,478	\$229,702,534	\$481,827,190	\$437,122,825
Covered payroll	\$218,085,576	\$ 203,646,152	\$184,274,929	\$179,477,871	\$171,494,355
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	123.41%	117.49%	82.93%	177.14%	164.92%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81%	81%	87%	72%	73%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability	2019 0.3049%	2018 0.2909%	2017 0.2857%	2016 0.2840%	2015 0.2573%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability					
,	0.3049%	0.2909%	0.2857%	0.2840%	0.2573%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net	0.3049%	0.2909%	0.2857%	0.2840%	0.2573%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.3049% \$280,214,268 160,435,774	0.2909% \$ 269,045,923 159,165,295	0.2857% \$231,073,623 131,546,092	0.2840% \$191,183,402 101,114,944	0.2573% \$150,336,786 90,779,842
Proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability Total	0.3049% \$280,214,268 160,435,774 \$440,650,042	0.2909% \$ 269,045,923 159,165,295 \$ 428,211,218	0.2857% \$231,073,623 131,546,092 \$362,619,715	0.2840% \$191,183,402 101,114,944 \$292,298,346	0.2573% \$150,336,786 90,779,842 \$241,116,628
Proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability Total Covered payroll Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.3049% \$280,214,268 160,435,774 \$440,650,042 \$163,396,473	0.2909% \$ 269,045,923 159,165,295 \$ 428,211,218 \$ 155,545,167	0.2857% \$231,073,623 131,546,092 \$362,619,715 \$140,348,108	0.2840% \$191,183,402 101,114,944 \$292,298,346 \$128,281,509	0.2573% \$ 150,336,786 90,779,842 \$ 241,116,628 117,564,372

Irvine Unified School District

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalPERS Year Ended June 30, 2024

Calpers	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.4542%	0.4651%	0.4711%	0.4624%	0.4522%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$164,425,184	\$160,040,295	\$ 95,792,836	\$141,870,575	\$131,801,247
Covered payroll	\$ 78,800,903	\$ 71,224,644	\$ 67,689,208	\$ 66,540,956	\$ 62,625,551
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	208.66%	224.70%	141.52%	213.21%	210.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70%	70%	81%	70%	70%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability	2019 0.4454%	2018 0.4313%	2017 0.4092%	2016 0.3913%	2015 0.3712%
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability					
·	0.4454%	0.4313%	0.4092%	0.3913%	0.3712%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.4454% \$118,761,369	0.4313%	0.4092%	0.3913%	0.3712%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability Covered payroll Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.4454% \$118,761,369 \$ 58,608,660	0.4313% \$102,965,515 \$ 54,936,838	0.4092% \$ 80,811,529 \$ 48,625,796	0.3913% \$ 57,679,362 \$ 43,001,436	0.3712% \$ 42,136,649 44,404,774

CalSTRS	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Contractually required contribution Less contributions in relation to the	\$ 45,947,266	\$ 41,654,345	\$ 34,456,929	\$ 29,760,401	\$ 30,690,716
contractually required contribution	45,947,266	41,654,345	34,456,929	29,760,401	30,690,716
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 240,561,602	\$ 218,085,576	\$ 203,646,152	\$ 184,274,929	\$ 179,477,871
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.10%	19.10%	16.92%	16.15%	17.10%
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Less contributions in relation to the	\$ 27,919,281	\$ 23,578,111	\$ 19,567,582	\$ 15,059,352	\$ 11,391,398
contractually required contribution	27,919,281	23,578,111	19,567,582	15,059,352	11,391,398
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 171,494,355	\$ 163,396,473	\$ 155,545,167	\$ 140,348,108	\$ 128,281,509
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	16.28%	14.43%	12.58%	10.73%	8.88%

CalPERS	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Contractually required contribution	\$ 23,371,415	\$ 19,991,789	\$ 16,317,566	\$ 14,011,666	\$ 13,122,542
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	23,371,415	19,991,789	16,317,566	14,011,666	13,122,542
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 87,599,007	\$ 78,800,903	\$ 71,224,644	\$ 67,689,208	\$ 66,540,956
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	26.680%	25.370%	22.910%	20.700%	19.721%
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Less contributions in relation to the	\$ 11,311,427	\$ 9,102,511	\$ 7,629,628	\$ 5,760,698	\$ 5,061,699
contractually required contribution	11,311,427	9,102,511	7,629,628	5,760,698	5,061,699
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 62,625,551	\$ 58,608,660	\$ 54,936,838	\$ 48,625,796	\$ 43,001,436
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	18.062%	15.531%	13.888%	11.847%	11.771%

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and provisions of the California *Education Code*. The governing board is required to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

This schedule presents information for the original and final budgets and actual results of operations, as well as the variances from the final budget to actual results of operations.

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on the District's changes in the total OPEB liability, including beginning and ending balances, the Plan's fiduciary net position, and the total OPEB liability. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Changes of Benefit Terms There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- Changes of Assumptions There were no changes of assumptions since the previous valuation.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - MPP Program

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB Liability – MPP Program and the plans' fiduciary net position. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- Changes of Assumptions The plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 3.54% to 3.65% since the previous valuation.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the Plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for both CalSTRS and CalPERS.
- Changes of Assumptions There were no changes in economic assumptions for the CalSTRS or CalPERS plans from the previous valuations.

Schedule of the District's Contributions

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution.



Supplementary Information June 30, 2024

Irvine Unified School District

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed through California Department of Education (CDE)			
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			
Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Section 611	84.027	13379	\$ 7,294,913
Preschool Grants, Part B Section 619	84.173	13430	139,116
Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Section 619	84.173A	13431	1,686
Mental Health Allocation Plan, Part B, Section 611	84.027A	15197	446,352
Alternative Dispute Resolution, Part B, Sec 611	84.173A	13007	14,807
Subtotal Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			7,896,874
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	4,534,605
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	14341	870,166
Title III, Immigrant Student Program	84.365	15146	510,247
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	823,837
Subtotal			1,334,084
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic			
Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396	396,807
Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education: Secondary,	· · · · · · ·	13333	230,007
Section 131	84.048	14894	274,479
IDEA Early Intervention Grants	84.181	23761	28,621
COVID-19: ARP Elementary and Secondary School Emergency			
Relief (ESSER III) Fund	84.425U	15559	2,275,056
COVID-19: ARP Elementary and Secondary School Emergency	04.4230	13333	2,273,030
Relief (ESSER III) Fund: Learning Loss	84.425U	15621	3,712,648
COVID-19: ARP Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant:	04.4250	13021	3,7 12,040
ESSER III State Reserve, Emergency Needs	84.425U	15620	510,473
COVID-19: American Rescue Plan - Homeless Children and	01.1230	13020	310,173
Youth II (ARP HCY II)	84.425W	15566	47,032
,			,
Subtotal			6,545,209
Passed through California Department of Rehabilitation			
Workability II, Transition Partnership Program	84.126A	31046	558,328
Total U.S. Department of Education			22,439,173

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed through California Department of Education (CDE)			
Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) Cluster			
COVID-19: ARP California State Preschool Program			
One-time Stipend	93.575	15640	\$ 4,198
COVID-19: ARP California State Preschool Program			
Rate Supplements	93.575	15641	27,302
Subtotal Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) Cluster			31,500
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			31,500
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed through California Department of Education (CDE)			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
School Programs (NSL Sec 4)	10.555	13523	1,449,455
School Programs (NSL Sec 11)	10.555	13524	2,781,737
School Programs (School Breakfast Basic)	10.553	13525	1,801,489
School Programs (School Breakfast Needy)	10.553	13526	107,492
Supply Chain Assistance (SCA) Funds	10.555	15655	1,102,010
Local Food for Schools	10.555	15708	213,064
Commodities	10.555	13524	870,260
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			8,325,507
Passed through California Department of Social Services			
Child Care Food Programs (CCFP) Claims - Centers and			
Family Day Care	10.558	13393	15,766
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			8,341,273
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 30,811,946

	Final Report		
	Second Period Report	Annual Report	
Regular ADA			
Transitional kindergarten through third	10,598.95	10,633.48	
Fourth through sixth	8,746.02	8,765.02	
Seventh and eighth	5,794.29	5,796.53	
Ninth through twelfth	11,012.37	10,981.56	
Total Regular ADA	36,151.63	36,176.59	
Extended Year Special Education			
Transitional kindergarten through third	15.28	15.28	
Fourth through sixth	10.59	10.59	
Seventh and eighth	1.98	1.98	
Ninth through twelfth	19.37	19.37	
Total Extended Year Special Education	47.22	47.22	
Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools			
Transitional kindergarten through third	2.97	2.92	
Fourth through sixth	2.97	2.93	
Seventh and eighth	2.97	2.93	
Ninth through twelfth	31.57	33.86	
Total Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	40.48	42.64	
Extended Year Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools			
Transitional kindergarten through third	0.75	0.75	
Fourth through sixth	0.75	0.75	
Seventh and eighth	0.75	0.75	
Ninth through twelfth	2.01	2.01	
Total Extended Year Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	4.26	4.26	
Total ADA	36,243.59	36,270.71	

Irvine Unified School District Schedule of Instructional Time Year Ended June 30, 2024

					Tr	aditional Calendar		N	Aultitrack Calendar	-	
	1986-1987	2023-2024	Number of	Total	Number of	Number of	Total	Number of	Number of	Total	
	Minutes	Actual	Minutes Credited	Minutes	Actual	Days Credited	Days	Actual	Days Credited	Days	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	Form J-13A	Offered	Days	Form J-13A	Offered	Days	Form J-13A	Offered	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	36,000	=	36,000	180	-	180	180	-	180	Complied
Grades 1 - 3	50,400										
Grade 1		50,820	-	50,820	180	-	180	180	-	180	Complied
Grade 2		50,820	-	50,820	180	-	180	180	-	180	Complied
Grade 3		50,820	-	50,820	180	-	180	180	=	180	Complied
Grades 4 - 8	54,000										
Grade 4		55,800	-	55,800	180	-	180	180	-	180	Complied
Grade 5		55,800	-	55,800	180	-	180	180	-	180	Complied
Grade 6		55,800	-	55,800	180	-	180	180	-	180	Complied
Grade 7		56,000	-	56,000	180	-	180	180	-	180	Complied
Grade 8		56,000	-	56,000	180	-	180	180	-	180	Complied
Grades 9 - 12	64,800										·
Grade 9	,	66,230	-	66,230	180	-	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grade 10		66,230	-	66,230	180	-	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grade 11		66,230	-	66,230	180	_	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grade 12		66,230	-	66,230	180	-	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied

Irvine Unified School District

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2024

There were no adjustments to the Unaudited Actual Financial Report, which required reconciliation to the audited financial statements at June 30, 2024.

	(Budget) 2025 ¹	2024	2023 1	2022 1
General Fund Revenues Other sources and transfers in	\$ 581,452,887 250,000	\$ 595,402,623 7,247,904	\$ 590,952,028 127,073	\$ 479,330,850 1,377,073
Total revenues and other sources	581,702,887	602,650,527	591,079,101	480,707,923
Expenditures Other uses and transfers out	598,354,866 15,743,527	578,765,677 24,507,779	506,903,552 21,320,177	461,569,393 17,643,206
Total expenditures and other uses	614,098,393	603,273,456	528,223,729	479,212,599
Increase/(Decrease) in Fund Balance	(32,395,506)	(622,929)	62,855,372	1,495,324
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 123,215,747	\$ 155,611,253	\$ 156,234,182	\$ 93,378,810
Available Reserves ²	\$ 16,485,830	\$ 20,236,729	\$ 19,032,465	\$ 21,244,721
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	2.68%	3.35%	3.60%	4.43%
Long-Term Liabilities	N/A	\$ 770,673,565	\$ 667,220,874	\$ 527,139,979
K-12 Average Daily Attendance at P-2	36,363	36,244	34,951	34,505

The General Fund balance has increased by \$62,232,443 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2024-2025 budget projects a decrease of \$32,395,506 (20.8%). For a district this size, the state recommends available reserves of at least two percent of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in two of the past three years, but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2024-2025 fiscal year. Total long-term liabilities have increased by \$243,533,586 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has increased by 1,739 over the past two years. Additional growth of 119 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2024-2025.

¹ Financial information for 2025, 2023, and 2022 are included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

² Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances including all amounts reserved for economic uncertainties contained with the General Fund.

Name of Charter School	Charter Number	Included in Audit Report
Irvine Chinese Immersion Academy	2140	No

Irvine Unified School District

Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	 Student Activity Fund	E	Adult Education Fund	De	Child evelopment Fund	 Cafeteria Fund	Deferred aintenance Fund
Assets Deposits and investments Receivables Due from other funds Prepaid expenditures Stores inventories	\$ 3,565,558 - - - -	\$	251,612 52,364 - - -	\$	1,771,186 151,636 912 - -	\$ 27,950,630 4,050,110 - 874 112,651	\$ 2,201,042 8,690 - - -
Total assets	\$ 3,565,558	\$	303,976	\$	1,923,734	\$ 32,114,265	\$ 2,209,732
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ - - -	\$	28,734 27,023 -	\$	105,593 45,305 70,057	\$ 1,318,211 278,742 605,153	\$ 714,746 - -
Total liabilities	 -		55,757		220,955	2,202,106	 714,746
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed	- 3,565,558 -		- - 248,219		- 1,702,779 -	113,525 29,798,634 -	- 1,494,986
Total fund balances	 3,565,558		248,219		1,702,779	29,912,159	1,494,986
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 3,565,558	\$	303,976	\$	1,923,734	\$ 32,114,265	\$ 2,209,732

Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	Capital Facilities Fund	Fur	ecial Reserve nd for Capital utlay Projects	Bond nterest and edemption Fund	G	Total Non-Major Jovernmental Funds
Assets Deposits and investments Receivables Due from other funds Prepaid expenditures Stores inventories	\$ 11,623,613 43,056 - 420	\$	54,123,649 185,681 4,000,000	\$ 9,544,756 63,888 - - -	\$	111,032,046 4,555,425 4,000,912 1,294 112,651
Total assets	\$ 11,667,089	\$	58,309,330	\$ 9,608,644	\$	119,702,328
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ 40,117 491,107 -	\$	1,528,431 46,965 -	\$ - - -	\$	3,735,832 889,142 675,210
Total liabilities	531,224		1,575,396	-		5,300,184
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed	420 11,135,445 -		- 56,733,934 -	- 9,608,644 -		113,945 112,544,994 1,743,205
Total fund balances	 11,135,865		56,733,934	9,608,644		114,402,144
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 11,667,089	\$	58,309,330	\$ 9,608,644	\$	119,702,328

	Student Activity Fund	Adult Education Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund
Revenues Federal sources Other State sources Other local sources	\$ - - 6,228,777	\$ - 615,505 21,077	\$ 15,766 2,458,961 402,863	\$ 8,206,687 17,662,925 1,810,672
Total revenues	6,228,777	636,582	2,877,590	27,680,284
Expenditures Current		240.000	1 450 040	
Instruction Instruction-related activities	-	349,060	1,450,840	-
Supervision of instruction School site administration Pupil services	-	126,738	152,131 249,235	-
Food services Administration	-	-	135	16,637,136
All other administration Plant services Ancillary services Facility acquisition	- - 6,250,814	26,822 383,930 -	44,758 53,937 -	251,768 - -
and construction Debt service Principal	-	-	-	809,739
Interest and other				
Total expenditures	6,250,814	886,550	1,951,036	17,698,643
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(22,037)	(249,968)	926,554	9,981,641
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Other sources - premium on issuance of bonds Transfers out	- - -	- - -	- -	
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(22,037)	(249,968)	926,554	9,981,641
Fund Balance - Beginning, as previously reported	3,587,595	498,187	776,225	19,930,518
Adjustments (Note 17)	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	3,587,595	498,187	776,225	19,930,518
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 3,565,558	\$ 248,219	\$ 1,702,779	\$ 29,912,159

Revenues \$<		Deferred Maintenance Fund	Building Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects
Other local sources 84,526 1,172,893 2,180,938 Total revenues 84,526 1,172,893 2,180,938 Expenditures Current Instruction Instruction related activities 5 - Supervision of instruction - - Supervision of instruction - - Supervision of instruction - - School site administration - - Food services - - Food services - - Administration - - All other administration - - All other administration - - Ancillary services 1,088,519 377,918 647,971 Ancillary services 1,088,519 377,918 647,971 Ancillary services - - - Facility acquisition 2,027,775 964,869 3,790,282 Debt service - - - Total expenditures 3,116,294 1,342,787	Revenues				
Other local sources 84,526 1,172,893 2,180,938 Expenditures 2,180,938 2,180,938 2,180,938 Expenditures 3,180,938 3,180,938 2,180,938 3,190,938 3,190,938 2,180,938 3,190,238 2,180,938 3,190,238 2,180,938 2,180,938 3,190,238 2,180,938 2,180,938 2,180,938 2,180,938 2,180,938 2,180,938 2,180,938 2,180,938 2,180,938 2,180,938 2		\$ -		\$ -	\$ -
Total revenues 84,526 1,172,893 2,180,938		<u>-</u>		-	-
Expenditures Current	Other local sources	84,526		1,172,893	2,180,938
Current Instruction Instruction related activities Instruction related activities Instruction related activities Instruction related activities Image: Common related activities	Total revenues	84,526		1,172,893	2,180,938
Instruction	Expenditures				
Instruction-related activities Supervision of instruction School site administration School services School service School servi					
Supervision of instruction School site administration -		-		-	-
School site administration - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Pupil services -		-		-	-
Food services		-		-	-
Administration -					
All other administration Plant services 1,088,519 377,918 647,971 Ancillary services Facility acquisition and construction 2,027,775 Poets service Principal Principal Total expenditures 3,116,294 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Over Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Other sources - premium on issuance of bonds Transfers out Net Financing Sources (Uses) Net Financing Sources (Uses) Net Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balances (81,768) Adjustments (Note 17) - (7,373,698) 1,377,918 1,779,191 1,779,192 1,779,193 1,779,19		-		-	-
Plant services 1,088,519 377,918 647,971 Ancillary services - - - Facility acquisition 2,027,775 964,869 3,790,282 Debt service - - - Principal - - - Interest and other - - - Total expenditures 3,116,294 1,342,787 4,438,253 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (3,031,768) (169,894) (2,257,315) Over Expenditures (3,031,768) (169,894) (2,257,315) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 19,713,014 Other sources - premium on issuance of bonds - - - Transfers out (1,500,000) - (4,369,425) Net Financing Sources (Uses) 2,950,000 - 15,343,589 Net Change in Fund Balances (81,768) (169,894) 13,086,274 Fund Balance - Beginning, as previously reported 1,576,754 7,373,698 11,305,759 43,647,660 Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Ancillary services Facility acquisition and construction 2,027,775 Debt service Principal Interest and other Total expenditures 3,116,294 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Over Expenditures 3,031,768) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in 4,450,000 Other sources - premium on issuance of bonds Transfers out (1,500,000) Net Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out (1,500,000) Net Financing Sources (Uses) Ret Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out (1,500,000) Net Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out (1,500,000) Transf		1 000 510		277 019	- 6/17 071
Facility acquisition and construction 2,027,775 964,869 3,790,282 Debt service Principal		1,000,515		377,318	047,371
and construction 2,027,775 964,869 3,790,282 Debt service Principal - - - Interest and other - - - - Total expenditures 3,116,294 1,342,787 4,438,253 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (3,031,768) (169,894) (2,257,315) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 4,450,000 - 19,713,014 Other sources - premium on issuance of bonds - - - Transfers out (1,500,000) - (4,369,425) Net Financing Sources (Uses) 2,950,000 - 15,343,589 Net Change in Fund Balances (81,768) (169,894) 13,086,274 Fund Balance - Beginning, as previously reported 1,576,754 7,373,698 11,305,759 43,647,660 Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated 1,576,754 - 11,305,759 43,647,660					
Debt service Principal Interest and other -		2.027.775		964.869	3.790.282
Principal Interest and other -		_,,,,,			5,: 55,=5=
Total expenditures 3,116,294 1,342,787 4,438,253 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures (3,031,768) (169,894) (2,257,315) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Other sources - premium on issuance of bonds Transfers out - - 19,713,014 Net Financing Sources (Uses) 2,950,000 - (4,369,425) Net Change in Fund Balances (81,768) (169,894) 13,086,274 Fund Balance - Beginning, as previously reported 1,576,754 7,373,698 11,305,759 43,647,660 Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated 1,576,754 - 11,305,759 43,647,660		-		-	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures (3,031,768) (169,894) (2,257,315) Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Interest and other	-		-	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures (3,031,768) (169,894) (2,257,315) Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Over Expenditures (3,031,768) (169,894) (2,257,315) Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Total expenditures	3,116,294		1,342,787	4,438,253
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Transfers in Other sources - premium on issuance of bonds Transfers out - 19,713,014 Net Financing Sources (Uses) 2,950,000 - 15,343,589 Net Change in Fund Balances (81,768) (169,894) 13,086,274 Fund Balance - Beginning, as previously reported 1,576,754 7,373,698 11,305,759 43,647,660 Adjustments (Note 17) - (7,373,698) - - - Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated 1,576,754 - 11,305,759 43,647,660	Over Expenditures	(3,031,768)		(169,894)	(2,257,315)
Other sources - premium on issuance of bonds - <td></td> <td>4,450,000</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>19,713,014</td>		4,450,000		_	19,713,014
Transfers out (1,500,000) - (4,369,425) Net Financing Sources (Uses) 2,950,000 - 15,343,589 Net Change in Fund Balances (81,768) (169,894) 13,086,274 Fund Balance - Beginning, as previously reported 1,576,754 7,373,698 11,305,759 43,647,660 Adjustments (Note 17) - (7,373,698) - - Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated 1,576,754 - 11,305,759 43,647,660	Other sources - premium on	, ,			, ,
Net Financing Sources (Uses) 2,950,000 - 15,343,589 Net Change in Fund Balances (81,768) (169,894) 13,086,274 Fund Balance - Beginning, as previously reported 1,576,754 7,373,698 11,305,759 43,647,660 Adjustments (Note 17) - (7,373,698) - - Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated 1,576,754 - 11,305,759 43,647,660	issuance of bonds	-		-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances (81,768) (169,894) 13,086,274 Fund Balance - Beginning, as previously reported 1,576,754 7,373,698 11,305,759 43,647,660 Adjustments (Note 17) - (7,373,698) - - Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated 1,576,754 - 11,305,759 43,647,660	Transfers out	(1,500,000)			(4,369,425)
Fund Balance - Beginning, as previously reported 1,576,754 7,373,698 11,305,759 43,647,660 Adjustments (Note 17) - (7,373,698) - - Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated 1,576,754 - 11,305,759 43,647,660	Net Financing Sources (Uses)	2,950,000			15,343,589
Adjustments (Note 17) - (7,373,698) Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated 1,576,754 - 11,305,759 43,647,660	Net Change in Fund Balances	(81,768)		(169,894)	13,086,274
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated 1,576,754 - 11,305,759 43,647,660	Fund Balance - Beginning, as previously reported	1,576,754	7,373,698	11,305,759	43,647,660
	Adjustments (Note 17)	-	(7,373,698)	-	-
Fund Balance - Ending \$ 1,494,986 \$ - \$ 11,135,865 \$ 56,733,934	Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	1,576,754		11,305,759	43,647,660
	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,494,986	\$ -	\$ 11,135,865	\$ 56,733,934

	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Federal sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,222,453
Other State sources	35,343	-	20,772,734
Other local sources	9,435,058	4,430,575	25,767,379
Total revenues	9,470,401	4,430,575	54,762,566
Expenditures			
Current			
Instruction	-	-	1,799,900
Instruction-related activities			
Supervision of instruction	=	-	152,131
School site administration	-	-	375,973
Pupil services			
Food services	-	-	16,637,271
Administration			
All other administration	-	-	323,348
Plant services	-	-	2,552,275
Ancillary services	-	-	6,250,814
Facility acquisition			
and construction	-	-	7,592,665
Debt service			
Principal	3,610,000	2,055,000	5,665,000
Interest and other	6,426,752	2,375,575	8,802,327
Total expenditures	10,036,752	4,430,575	50,151,704
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	(566,351)	_	4,610,862
Over Experialtures	(300,331)		4,010,802
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in	=	-	24,163,014
Other sources - premium on			, ,
issuance of bonds	3,349,482	-	3,349,482
Transfers out			(5,869,425)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	3,349,482	-	21,643,071
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,783,131	-	26,253,933
Fund Balance - Beginning, as previously reported	6,825,513		95,521,909
Adjustments (Note 17)	-	-	(7,373,698)
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	6,825,513		88,148,211
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 9,608,644	\$ -	\$ 114,402,144

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA)

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Irvine Unified School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or fund balance, or cash flows of the District.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. When applicable, such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. No federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis cost rate.

Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in this schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2024, the District did not report any commodities inventory.

SEFA Reconciliation

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts consist primarily of Supply Chain Assistance (SCA) funds, Basic Local Assistance, Part B, Sec 611, COVID-19: ARP California State Preschool Program One-time Stipend funds, and COVID-19: ARP California State Preschool Program Rate Supplement funds have been recorded in the current period as revenues that have not been expended as of June 30, 2024. These unspent balances are reported as legally restricted ending balances within the General Fund.

	Federal Financial Assistance Listing	Amount
Total Federal Revenues reported on the financial statements		\$ 30,638,174
COVID-19: ARP California State Preschool	93.575	4 100
Program - One-time Stipend COVID-19: ARP California State Preschool	95.575	4,198
Program - Rate Supplements	93.575	27,302
Supply Chain Assistance (SCA) Funds	10.555	118,821
Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Section 611	84.027	23,451
Total Federal Financial Assistance		\$ 30,811,946

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. The District has met its target funding. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Sections 46200 through 46207.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at the 1986-87 requirements, as required by *Education Code* Section 46201.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule lists all charter schools chartered by the District, and displays information for each charter school on whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit.

Non-Major Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

These schedules are included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.



Other Information June 30, 2024

Irvine Unified School District

ORGANIZATION

The Irvine Unified School District was unified on July 1, 1972, under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades TK-12 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates twenty-four elementary schools, four K-8 schools, six middle schools, five high schools, one continuation school, one virtual academy school, and one adult education center. The District is comprised of an area of approximately 62 square miles, located in Orange County. There were no boundary changes during the year.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

MEMBER	OFFICE	TERM EXPIRES
Cyril Yu	President	2024
Paul Bokota	Clerk	2024
Lauren Brooks	Member	2024
Jeff Kim	Member	2026
Katie McEwen	Member	2026

ADMINISTRATION

<u>NAME</u> <u>TITLE</u>

Terry Walker District Superintendent

John Fogarty Assistant Superintendent, Business Services/CFO

Brianne Ford Assistant Superintendent, Information Technology

Eamonn O'Donovan Assistant Superintendent, Human Resources

Cassie Parham Assistant Superintendent, Education Services



Independent Auditor's Reports June 30, 2024

Irvine Unified School District



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Governing Board Irvine Unified School District Irvine, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Irvine Unified School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 30, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Gede Sailly LLP

December 30, 2024



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Governing Board Irvine Unified School District Irvine, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Irvine Unified School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Irvine Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
 necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
 in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not
 for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control
 over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Gede Bailly LLP

December 30, 2024



Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance and on Internal Control over Compliance

To the Governing Board Irvine Unified School District Irvine, California

Report on Compliance

Opinion on State Compliance

We have audited Irvine Unified School District's (the District) compliance with the requirements specified in the 2023-2024 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, applicable to the District's state program requirements identified below for the year ended June 30, 2024.

In our opinion, Irvine Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the laws and regulations of the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), and the 2023-2024 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *2023-2024 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting* will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the 2023-2024 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we consider
 necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
 in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the 2023-2024 Guide for Annual
 Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal controls over
 compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and
- Select and test transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	Procedures
2023-2024 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures	Performed
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	No, see below
Continuation Education	No, see below
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes

2023-2024 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures	Procedures Performed
2023-2024 K-12 Addit Guide i Tocedures	- renormed
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
GANN Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable
Home to School Transportation Reimbursement	Yes
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
Proposition 28 Arts and Music in Schools	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Not Applicable
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study - Course Based	Yes
Immunizations	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Not Applicable
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	Not Applicable
Expanded Learning Opportunities Program	Yes
Transitional Kindergarten	Yes
Charter Schools	
Attendance	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

We did not perform testing for Independent Study because average daily attendance reported did not exceed the threshold for testing.

We did not perform testing for Continuation Education because average daily attendance reported did not exceed the threshold for testing.

The term "Not Applicable" is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year, the District did not participate in the program during the current fiscal year, or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identify during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention from those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the 2023-2024 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Gede Sailly LLP

December 30, 2024



Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2024

Irvine Unified School District

No

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified

Significant deficiencies identified not considered

to be material weaknesses None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified No

Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported

in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a):

Identification of major programs:

Name of Federal Program or Cluster Federal Financial Assistance Listing

Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365
Title III, Immigrant Student Program	84.365
COVID-19: ARP Elementary and Secondary School Emergency	

Relief (ESSER III) Fund 84.425U

COVID-19: ARP Elementary and Secondary School Emergency
Relief (ESSER III) Fund: Learning Loss 84.425U

COVID-19: ARP Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant:

ESSER III State Reserve, Emergency Needs
COVID-19: American Rescue Plan - Homeless Children and

Youth II (ARP HCY II) 84.425W

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$924,358

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

State Compliance

Internal control over state compliance programs:

Material weaknesses identified No

Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for programs: Unmodified

None reported.

Irvine Unified School District Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2024

None reported.

Irvine Unified School District State Compliance Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2024

None reported.

There were no audit findings reported in the prior year's Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.